

Họ tên thí sinh _____
 Số báo danh: _____

Mã đề thi : C1

I. Ngữ pháp (từ câu 1 đến câu 10)

⊛ Chọn phương án đúng (A, hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:

- Câu 1:** Adam is _____. He doesn't have any brothers or sisters.
 A. an only child B. the only child C. only a child D. only the child
- Câu 2:** What shall I do? – I don't know. In your situation, I _____ have any idea what to do.
 A. wouldn't B. mustn't C. can't D. won't
- Câu 3:** There were only _____ at the reception.
 A. a present handful of people B. a handful present of people
 C. a handful of present people D. a handful of people present
- Câu 4:** It was very quiet. There were hardly _____ people on the streets.
 A. any B. no C. some D. many
- Câu 5:** Strange _____ it may seem, I enjoy parachuting even after my accident.
 A. however B. nevertheless C. though D. although
- Câu 6:** The second hotel was _____ superior to the first one.
 A. very B. far C. quite D. so
- Câu 7:** I doubt that he _____ again; his injuries are so severe.
 A. can work B. can't work
 C. will be able to work D. won't be able to work
- Câu 8:** I must tell you how pleased I was _____ a letter from you.
 A. receiving B. to receive C. received D. by receiving
- Câu 9:** In the future _____ might even be possible to work only thirty hours a week.
 A. we B. one C. you D. it
- Câu 10:** British farmers receive only _____ aid since their farms are relatively efficient.
 A. little B. a little C. few D. a few

II. TỪ VỰNG (từ câu 11 đến câu 20)

⊛ Chọn phương án đúng (A, B, C, hoặc D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:

- Câu 11:** The doctor told Harold that he had a mild chest infection and that there was no cause for _____.
 A. concern B. trouble C. nervousness D. worry
- Câu 12:** Through painstaking investigations, the police have been able to _____ the event on the night of the crime.
 A. reconstruct B. rebuild C. restore D. reestablish
- Câu 13:** Although they are often criticized in the press, single mothers _____ for a very small proportion of government spending.
 A. explain B. account C. stand D. make
- Câu 14:** You can see the original _____ of Hamlet in the museum in Shakespeare's own writing.
 A. publication B. edition C. manuscript D. copy
- Câu 15:** Have you read the Daily Express _____ of that new Spanish film?
 A. commentary B. review C. revision D. article
- Câu 16:** Some patients come _____ after an anaesthetic sooner than others.
 A. over B. out C. up D. round
- Câu 17:** The examiners often _____ extremely difficult questions for the literature exam.
 A. set B. compose C. made D. put

Câu 18: To cover his absence he decided to _____ a completely false story about being involved in an accident.

- A. make up B. put forward C. put up D. make out

Câu 19: The _____ thought of exams makes her feel ill.

- A. sole B. only C. simple D. mere

Câu 20: The film was _____ on the book of the same name.

- A. founded B. built C. constructed D. based

III. CLOZE TEST (từ câu 21 đến câu 40)

Women are experts ___ (21) ___ gossiping, and they always talk about ___ (22) ___ things, or at least that's what men have always thought. ___ (23) ___, some new research suggests that when women talk to women, their conversations are ___ (24) ___ from frivolous and ___ (25) ___ many more topics (up to 40 subjects) than men talk to other ___ (26) ___. Women's conversations ___ (27) ___ from health to their houses, from politics to fashion, from films to family, from education to relationship problems. Football is notably ___ (28) ___. Men tend to have more ___ (29) ___ range of subjects, the most ___ (30) ___ being work, sport, jokes, cars, and women.

According to Professor Petra Boynton, a psychologist at University College London, who ___ (31) ___ over 1,000 women, women also tend to move quickly from one subject to another in conversations, whereas men usually ___ (32) ___ to one subject for longer periods of time. At work, this difference can be a (n) ___ (33) ___ for men, where they can put other matters ___ (34) ___ and concentrate fully ___ (35) ___ the topic being discussed. ___ (36) ___, it also means that they some time find it hard to concentrate when several things have to be ___ (37) ___ at the same time in a meeting.

Professor Boynton also says that men and women chat for different ___ (38) ___. In social situations women use conversations to solve problems and ___ (39) ___ stress while men chat with each other to have a laugh or swap ___ (40) ___ .

- | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Câu 21 | A. for | B. over | C. of | D. at |
| Câu 22 | A. trivial | B. tiny | C. idle | D. flimsy |
| Câu 23 | A. Anyway | B. Consequently | C. However | D. Moreover |
| Câu 24 | A. away | B. far | C. distant | D. a long way |
| Câu 25 | A. cover | B. take up | C. envelop | D. sum up |
| Câu 26 | A. women | B. men | C. people | D. subjects |
| Câu 27 | A. include | B. cover | C. range | D. spread |
| Câu 28 | A. vacant | B. absent | C. unavailable | D. unsaid |
| Câu 29 | A. restrained | B. restrictive | C. exclusive | D. limited |
| Câu 30 | A. popular | B. favorite | C. universal | D. normal |
| Câu 31 | A. asked | B. talked | C. interviewed | D. interacted |
| Câu 32 | A. hold | B. stay | C. dwell | D. stick |
| Câu 33 | A. profit | B. advantage | C. asset | D. benefit |
| Câu 34 | A. away | B. apart | C. aside | D. along |
| Câu 35 | A. in | B. on | C. at | D. over |
| Câu 36 | A. Whereas | B. On the other hand | C. In other words | D. Even so |
| Câu 37 | A. coped | B. mentioned | C. discussed | D. argued |
| Câu 38 | A. motivations | B. ways | C. causes | D. reasons |
| Câu 39 | A. induce | B. reduce | C. deduce | D. deduct |
| Câu 40 | A. thoughts | B. opinions | C. concepts | D. notions |

IV. Đọc hiểu: (Từ câu 41 đến câu 60)

🕒 Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A, B, C, hoặc D) cho mỗi câu từ 41 đến 45:

OLYMPIC HISTORY

The Olympic Games have a long history which goes back to ancient times, starting in Greece 3,000 years ago. Sports competitions were organized at Olympia and were named after their location, hence their name of *Olympic Games*.

Olympic athletes had to be male, of Greek nationality, and not slaves. They promised to compete in an honourable way and to follow the rules but some athletes still cheated. If caught, they had to pay a large fine and this money was used to pay for statues of Zeus, which were located along the route to the stadium with the name of cheat on each base. To get to the stadium, the athletes had to walk past all the statues.

Unlike the modern Olympics, which currently include 35 sports and nearly 400 events, many of which are team sports such as football and basketball, the ancient Games only included individual events. Seven types of events took place in the stadium, including running, discus, javelin, long jump, wrestling, and boxing. There was also chariot racing and horse riding in the hippodrome.

The Olympic Games became a major sports event but the Roman Emperor Theodosius I finally decided to ban the Olympic Games in 393 AD after more than 1,000 years of existence because he thought they were a pagan cult.

Gradually, the site disappeared and was forgotten. However, in the 19th century, archaeological work finally revealed the ruins of Olympia and, today, visitors can appreciate Olympia and imagine the past glory of the Games.

Câu 41: The Olympic Games are named after _____.

- A. a historical period B. a place C. a Greek sport D. an ancient king

Câu 42: Who could compete in the ancient Olympic Games?

- A. only male competitors B. only Greek slaves
C. only free Greeks D. only free Greek men

Câu 43: The early Olympic Games did NOT include

- A. running B. wrestling C. volleyball D. boxing

Câu 44: How long had the ancient Games been in existence before being prohibited by the Roman Emperor?

- A. for nearly four centuries B. for three millenniums
C. for more than a millennium D. for 19 centuries

Câu 45: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. The past glory of the ancient Olympic Games is merely imaginary.
B. The past glory of the ancient Olympic Games is still felt today.
C. Visitors should thank the ancient Olympic Games for its past glory.
D. The site of the ancient Games still remains unknown.

🕒 Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A, B, C, hoặc D) cho mỗi câu từ 46 đến 50

After twenty years in employment, many people don't like going to work in the morning. They want to be truly excited about their jobs. But it's difficult to change jobs and changing your career is even harder, so take time to do it right.

You'll need to look at your skills and personal interests. Connecting work to personal interests is the best way to find a satisfying career. What do you really enjoy doing in your spare time? Is it sailing, gardening? Why do you think these activities enjoyable? Do you like gardening because you like visiting new places? It isn't always a good idea to make your hobbies your career because then you'll need to find a new hobby, but knowing why you like your hobbies is very important to knowing which career you might enjoy.